

Name:

Answer the questions in the spaces provided. Don't hesitate to ask me or your peers for help, this is not a quiz.

1. You have a population of  $3 \times 10^6$  yeast cells, which grows exponentially until space becomes an issue ( $10^{11}$  cells). After 2 hours, there are  $4.79 \times 10^6$  cells.

(a) How many cells are there after 5 hours? 10 hours?  $t$  hours?

$$N_2 = N(0) = 3 \cdot 10^6$$

$$N(t) = N_0 \cdot b^t$$

$$N(t) = 3 \times 10^6 \cdot b^t$$

$$N(2) = 3 \times 10^6 \cdot b^2 = 4.79 \cdot 10^6$$

$$b = \sqrt{\frac{4.69}{3}} = 1.264$$

$$N(t) = 3 \times 10^6 (1.264)^t$$

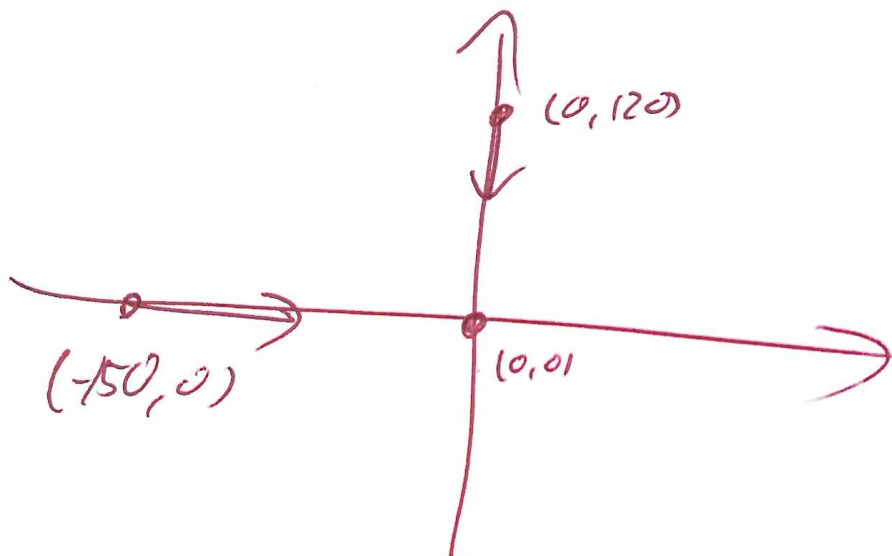
$$N(5) = 9.68 \times 10^6$$

$$N(10) = 3.12 \times 10^7$$

(b) When does the exponential model break down? Discuss this with your neighbors and me.

Let  $N(t) = 10^{11}$   
Solve for  $t$

2. Sven starts walking due south at 5 feet per second from a point 120 feet north of an intersection. At the same time Rudyard starts walking due east at 4 feet per second from a point 150 west of the intersection.
- (a) Choose coordinates a picture of the situation. Label the coordinates of both Sven and Rudyard's starting points, and use arrows to indicate their paths.



- (b) Write parametric equations of motion for Sven and Rudyard.

<p><u>Rudyard</u></p> $x_R(t) = -150 + 4t$ $y_R(t) = 0$	<p><u>Sven</u></p> $x_S(t) = 0$ $y_S(t) = 120 - 5t$
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(c) Write a function  $d(t)$  for the distance between Sven and Rudyard at time  $t$ .

$$\begin{aligned} d(t) &= \sqrt{(150-4t)^2 + (120-5t)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{41t^2 - 2400t + 36900} \end{aligned}$$

(d) When are Sven and Rudyard closest together? What is the minimum distance between them?

$$\text{Min @ } \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{2400}{84}$$

$$d\left(\frac{2400}{84}\right) \approx 47.167$$

3. Rosalie is organizing a circus performance to raise money for a charity. She is trying to decide how much to charge for tickets. From past experience, she knows that the number of people who will attend is a linear function of the price per ticket. If she charges 5 dollars, 1200 people will attend. If she charges 7 dollars, 970 people will attend. How much should she charge per ticket to make the most money?

Let  $x = \text{price}$

Then  $a(x) = \text{attendance}$

$$\hookrightarrow \text{slope } \frac{970 - 1200}{2} = \frac{-230}{2} = -115$$

pt,  $(5, 1200)$  A  $a(x) = -115(x - 5) + 1200$   
 $= -115x + 1775$

$$\text{Revenue} = (\text{price}) \times (\text{attendance})$$

$$= x \cdot (-115x + 1775)$$

$$= -115x^2 + 1775x$$

$$\text{Max } x \text{ @ } \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-1775}{-230} \approx \cancel{15.43} \\ \underline{\underline{7.72}}$$